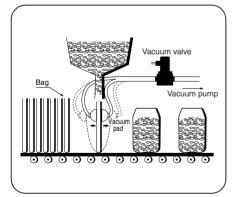
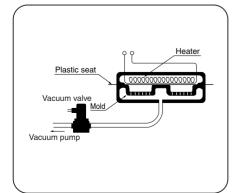
# Seven Features of the Koganei Vacuum Valve **Koganei Original Solenoid Construction** 1 No burning damage to solenoid No need to stock solenoids as spare parts. 2 Starting and energizing current values are extremely small. Allows for more compact size peripheral electrical equipment. Poppet and Diaphragm Construction **③ No sliding parts** No valve sticking, for reliable operations. 4 Extremely few cases of vacuum leakage Good vacuum response enables excellent pick-up by a vacuum pad and compact vacuum pump to install. (5) Dust-resistant Can be used by installing just an ordinary air filter, even in dusty locations. (6) Can be used without lubrication. Optimum valve for equipment incapable of using oil. ⑦ Compact and lightweight, with any mounting direction acceptable Can be easily mounted to control panel, and allows for more compact equipment.

# **Application Examples**

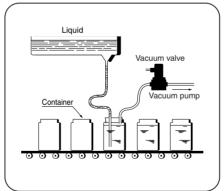
## Opening bags



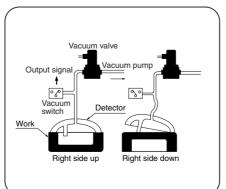
### Vacuum forming machines



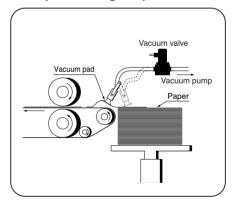
### Quick charging of liquids



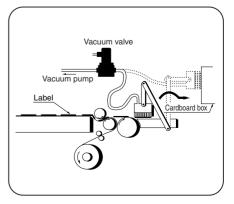
## Discriminating product facing

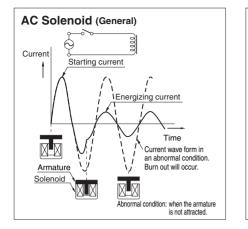


## Paper feeding for printers



Labeling on cardboard boxes

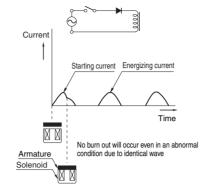




Diaphragm

External force





Wrapped in foreign objects

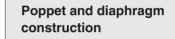
eign obi

Body

Diaphragm

#### Koganei's ingenious self-developed solenoid

A silicon diode is installed on the end of the solenoid for half-wave rectification of the alternating current. The solenoid, therefore, possesses midway characteristics between the AC solenoid and DC solenoid. In addition, since the armature is designed to move as short a distance as possible, the starting current (inrush current) and energizing current are virtually identical and low current. As a result, the solenoid is not damaged even in abnormal conditions in which the armature fails to move, and the capacity of related electrical equipment can remain low.



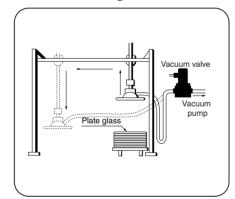
The synthetic rubber poppet and diaphragm are built into the stem and move as one-piece. The poppet and diaphragm do not have any sliding surfaces, therefore no sticking occurs even without lubrication. In addition, the units have the elasticity of synthetic rubber to wrap in small foreign objects and keep vacuum leaks to an extremely low level.

Vacuum lifting

Poppet

Electromagnetic

Pilot air



Holding subject (sheets)

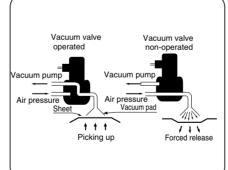
Camera

valve

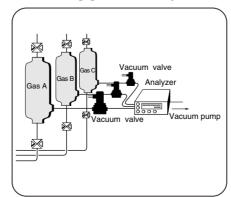
Vacuum pump

cuum

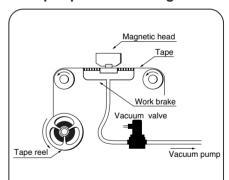
#### Reducing sheet transfer time (both vacuum and positive pressure)



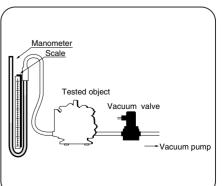
#### Inducing gas into analyzers



### Tape speed controlling



#### Airtightness inspecting



ROUND TYPE VACUUM VALVES

# <Product Range>

Products	Shape	Operation	Operation type			Function	Effective area (Cv) mm <sup>2</sup>	Model	Page	
					2, 3		0.5	V062E1		
	11 T 45		Direct acting		3		2.5 (0.12)	SV062E1 (Both vacuum and pressure type)	961	
ve	- The second		Direct acting	1/4	2	-	5.5 (0.27)	(Both vacuum and pressure type) V126E1	-	
val			L. P			1	15	VA250AE1	1	
E E		Single solenoid	Indirect acting	3/8		●NC ●NO	(0.76)	VA2503AE1	964	
Incut		Colonia	ì air pilot ∫	1/2	3		55(2.7)	VA500AE1	967	
Solenoid vacuum valve			Indirect acting	1/4			15	VV250AE1	964	
			External vacuum pilot	3/8			〔0.76〕	VV2503AE1	904	
len			pilot	1/2			55(2.7)	VV500AE1	967	
So		Double solenoid	Indirect acting	1/4			15	VA250AE2	964	
		(Continuously energizing type)	∫ External )	3/8	3	●NC/ NO	〔0.76〕	VA2503AE2		
			ì air pilot ∫	1/2			55 (2.7)	VA500AE2	967	
alve				1/8	3		5.5 (0.27)	V125P		
2 M		Push button	Spring return	1/4	2, 3 ●NC	15	V250P			
acut				3/8		〔0.76〕	V2503P			
Manual vacuum valve and foot vacuum valve			With holding mechanism	1/8			5.5	V125HO		
					3		〔0.27〕	V125V	970	
				1/4		●NC/ NO		V250V		
		Lever	Holding type	3/8				V2503V		
				1/4	5	_	15 (0.76)	V250-4H		
anual				3/8				V2503-4H	_	
		Foot	Pedal type	1/4	2, 3	●NC		V250F	<u> </u>	
/alve				1/8			5.5 (0.27)	V125B		
mn		Ball-car	n	1/4	3	●NC		V250B		
d vac				3/8	- 2, 3 - 3		15	V2503B	_	
erate			Nylon	1/4			[0.76]	V250C	973	
lechanical operated vacuum valve		Roller-cam	roller	3/8		●NC		V2503C	_	
chani			Steel roller	1/8			5.5	V125MC		
Me			One way steel roller				〔0.27〕	V125MOC		
				1/8			5.5 (0.27)	VA125A	_	
		Air pilo	t	1/4			15	VA250A	_	
ve		(single)		3/8			〔0.76〕	VA2503A	_	
val	1 90 Y			1/2	3	●NC	55 [2.7]	VA500A	976	
Ē		Vacuum p	ilot	1/4			15 (0.76)	VV250A	_	
cnr		(single)	niot	3/8				VV2503A	_	
Piloted vacuum valve	-			1/2			55 (2.7)	VV500A	<u> </u>	
ted				1/4			15 (0.76)	250A2	_	
ilo				3/8		●NC/		2503A2	_	
		Double air	pilot	1/2	2, 3	NO	55 (2.7)	500A2	979	
				3/4			140(7)	750A2	_	
	_			1			280[14]	1000A2		

### Safety Precautions (Solenoid Vacuum Valve Series)

Warnings 1. When mounting a valve inside a control panel or when an operation requires long energizing periods, provide heat radiation measures to ensure that the ambient temperature always remains within the temperature range specifications. For long term continuous energizing, consult us.

- 2. Always check the Catalog, etc., when carrying out wiring and piping of products to ensure that the connections are correctly done. Wrong wiring or piping could result in abnormal operation to the actuator, etc.
- 3. The solenoid valve's silicon diode could be damaged by surge voltage when a large induction load is used on the same power supply. Either change to a separate power supply, or mount a surge absorber to protect the unit. Solenoids with surge suppression are also available. Consult us.

For locations subject to water or to large amounts of dust, use a cover, etc., to protect the valves. Also, install a muffler, etc., to the Caution R port to prevent dust from entering. Intrusion of water or dust could result in short-term functional shutdowns, sudden drops in performance, or a reduced operating life.

Attention 1. Use clean air that does not contain degraded compressor oil, etc., and install a filter, etc., close to solenoid valves to remove dust or collected liquid.

2. Ensure that the piping port on the supply side is at the same area or larger than the solenoid valve's effective area.

- 3. When using an indirect acting valve, use a stop valve between it and the pressure source. When the stop valve is opened before the pressure reaches the minimum operating pressure, the indirect acting valve could fall into a neutral position. (All solenoid valves in the 250 series and up are indirect acting valves.)
- 4. When connecting 2 or more AC type solenoid valves to the same power supply, connect leads with the same lead wire color.
- 5. Since a diode is connected to the AC type solenoid valve, the solenoid may sometimes not turn on with the solid state-type relay (SSR) with zero-cross function. For this reason, pay attention before use to the ratings and precautions for use of the solid state-type relay.

### Voltage Types and Current

and fall within these values

Pote	d voltago V	Current A <sup>Note</sup>								
nale	ed voltage V	50Hz	60Hz							
	230*	0.063	0.055							
	220*	0.058	0.072							
	200	0.070	0.065							
AC	115*	0.13	0.11							
AC	110*	0.12	0.16							
	100	0.14	0.13							
	48*	0.41	0.37							
	24*	0.93	0.83							

Note: The starting current and energizing current values are virtually identical.

Rate	ed voltage V	Current A						
	200*	0.04						
DC	110*	0.08						
	100*	0.09						
	48*	0.19						
	24	0.40						
	12*	0.75						
	6*	1.50						

For ※ items, consult us for the delivery.

# Wiring Instructions of Double Solenoid (E2) Type

This valve has 2 solenoids built into the top and mid section, and the lead wires are color-coded with vinyl tape. Energizing the red tape side (the upper side, solenoid S2) opens the valve, and energizing the gray tape side (the lower side, solenoid S1) closes the valve. This solenoid is a continuous energizing holding type.

### Solenoid S1 Solenoid S2 energized Red tape Armature Gray tape Solenoid S Pilot air Poppet

# **Piloted Vacuum Valves**

Double Air Pilot Type

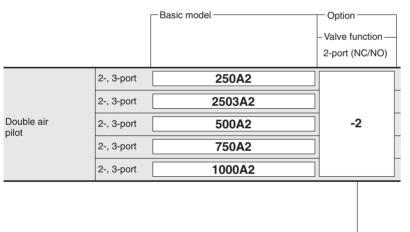


# Specifications

Item Basic	c model	250A2	2503A2	500A2	750A2	1000A2							
Media				Vacuum									
Operation type				Air pilot									
Number of ports		2, 3 ports											
Valve function		NC/NO											
Effective area (Cv)	mm <sup>2</sup>	15〔	0.76〕	55 [2.7]	140 [7]	280 [14]							
Port size	Rc	1/4	3/8	1/2	3/4	1							
Lubrication		Not required											
Operating pressure range kPa {mmHg	g} [in.Hg]	0~-100 {0~-750} [0~-29.53]											
External pilot pressure		Recommende 0.2~0.3MPa MAX. 0.7M		Recommended air pressure 0.2~0.3MPa [29~44psi.] MAX.0.5MPa [73psi.]	Recommende 0.2~0.3MPa MAX. 0.7M	[29~44psi.]							
Operating temperature range	°C [°F]	5~60 [41~140]											
Mounting direction		Any											
Mass ko	g [lb.]	0.2 [0.44]	0.25 [0.55]	0.45 [0.99]	1.8 [4.0]	2.7 [6.0]							

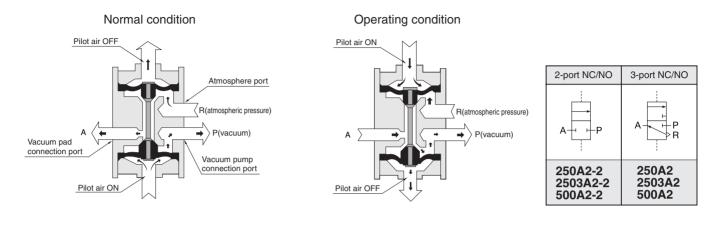
Remark: In addition to the above, the Rc 1/8 type of 125 A2 is available.

## **Order Codes**

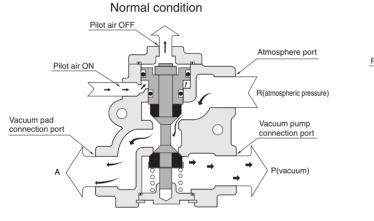


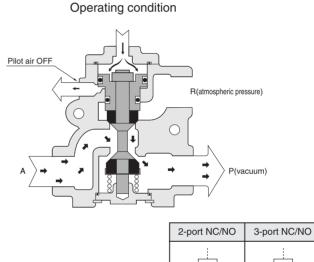
Blank: 3-port (NC/NO)

# Diaphragm type (250A2, 500A2)



# Piston poppet type (750A2, 1000A2)





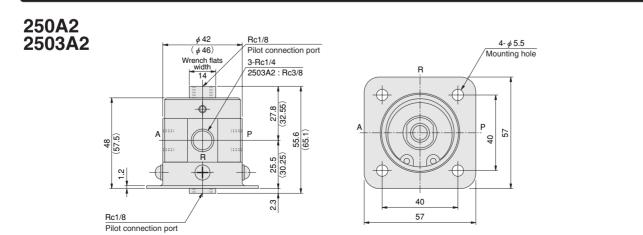
Α

750A2-2

1000A2-2

-P

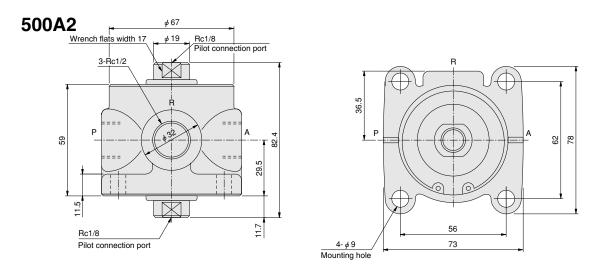


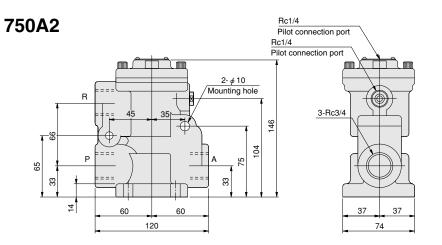


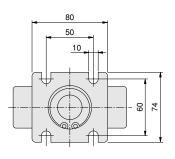
ROUND TYPE VACUUM VALVES

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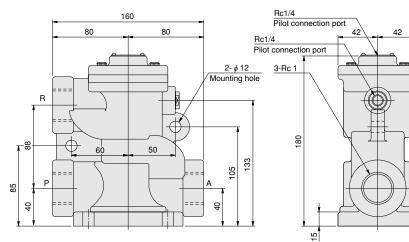
750A2 1000A2

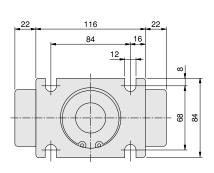






# 1000A2



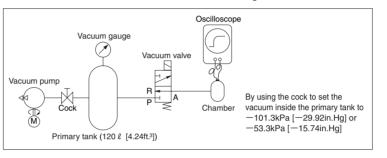


### Reference

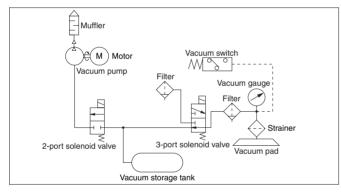
#### Vacuum Valve Selection Table (Exhaust and Air Supply Response Times)

	50cc [3.05in. <sup>3</sup> ] chamber 200cc [12.2in. <sup>3</sup> ] chamber 1 ℓ [61in. <sup>3</sup> ] chamber						3 l	[183in.³]	] chaml	ber	5.5 l	[336in	.3] cham	iber	10.5 ℓ [641in.3] chamber									
Vacuum	Exha	haust <sup>Note</sup> Air supply Exhaust Air supply Exhaust Air supply		Exhaust Air supply		Exhaust		Air supply		Exhaust		Air supply												
kPa [in.Hg]	0 ↓	0 ↓	-81.3 [-24.01] ↓	-42.6 [−12.58] ↓	↓ ↓	0 ↓	-81.3 [-24.01] ↓	-42.6 [−12.58] ↓	Ļ	0 ↓	-81.3 [-24.01] ↓	-42.6 [−12.58] ↓	0 ↓	0 ↓	-81.3 [-24.01] ↓	-42.6 [−12.58] ↓	Ļ	0 ↓	Ļ	-42.6 [−12.58] ↓	↓	0	-81.3 [-24.01] ↓	-42.6 [−12.58] ↓
Model	-81.3 [-24.01]	-42.6 [-12.58]	0	0	-81.3 [-24.01]	-42.6 [-12.58]	0	0	-81.3 [-24.01]	-42.6 [-12.58]	0	0 0	-81.3 [-24.01]	-42.6 [-12.58]	0	0	-81.3 [-24.01]	-42.6 [-12.58]	0	0	-81.3 [-24.01]	-42.6 [-12.58]	0	0
V062E1	0.2	0.08	0.18	0.1	0.7	0.35	0.5	0.38	3.0	1.5	2.5	1.8	9.0	3.2	6.0	4.0	20.0	8.0	14.0	10.0				
V126E1	0.12	0.05	—	—	0.4	0.2	_	—	1.8	0.9	—	—	5.0	1.7	—	—	11.0	3.5	—	_				
VA125A	0.1	0.06	0.13	0.12	0.35	0.15	0.3	0.2	1.6	0.7	1.3	0.8	3.8	1.4	2.6	1.8	9.0	3.4	6.0	4.0				
VA250AE1	0.05	0.03	0.09	0.04	0.1	0.05	0.08	0.07	0.5	0.23	0.16	0.18	1.1	0.4	0.7	1.0	2.4	1.0	1.7	1.0				
VA500AE1	0.04	0.03	0.14	0.14	0.07	0.05	0.14	0.14	0.25	0.1	0.15	0.18	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.3	1.1	0.4	0.6	0.5	2.0	0.8	1.0	0.8
1000A2							-	-	_								0.26	0.14	0.26	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.3
								Note	: The	exhau	st vacu	uum in	the ch	amber	is a 8	0% rat	ing va	ue of t	the vac	cuum ii	nside d	of the p	orimary	y tank.

The above table shows the time it takes from the point in time where the vacuum valve is switched ON to reach the specified vacuum inside of the chamber, and the time from switching the vacuum valve OFF to supply air into the chamber.



### Standard Vacuum Circuit



#### Inspection Standard for Vacuum Leaks (Koganei standards)

#### Inspection procedure

Open valve A, and set the vacuum in the tank to -100kPa  $\{-750$ mmHg $\}$  [-29.53in.Hg]. Afterward, close valve A, let set for 10 minutes, and then check the vacuum inside of the tank both during OFF and ON.

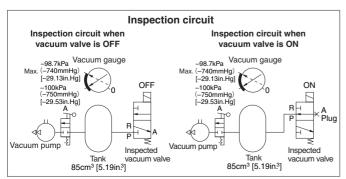
#### Inspection standard

Let set for 10 minutes, then check to see that the vacuum leaks inside the tank meets the standard of 1.3kPa  $\{10mmHg\}$  [0.38in.Hg] or less.

### For details, consult us.

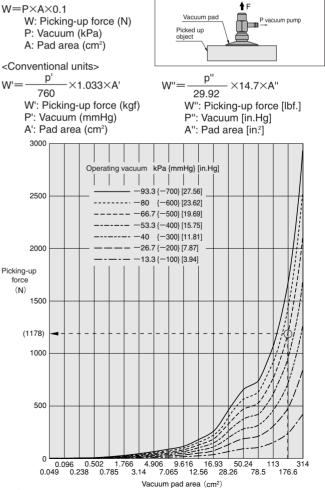
#### Remark

In fact, most Koganei vacuum valves can hold initial vacuum even after being left set for 10 minutes.

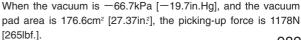


#### Calculation of Picking-up Force, and Graph (Theoretical values)

When using a vacuum pad to hold picking-up an object, the pickingup force is shown by the following formula.



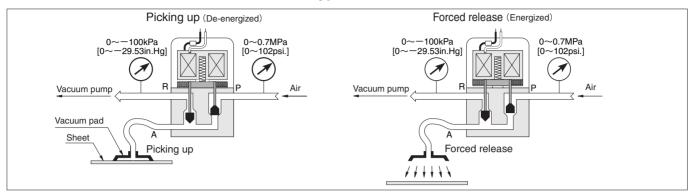
#### How to read the graph



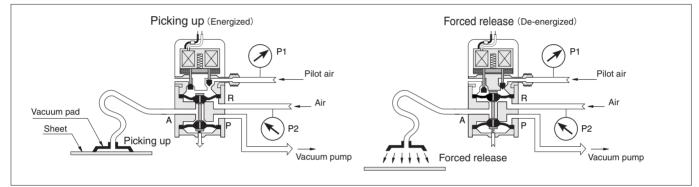
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### Reference

### ■ How to Use Both Vacuum and Pressure Type (SV062E1)

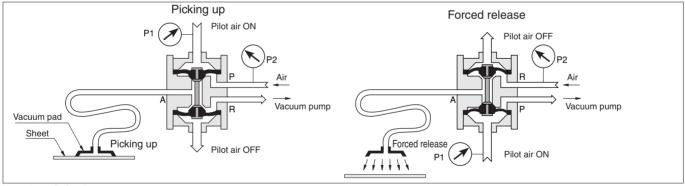


### ■ Application of External Air Pilot Type (VA250AE1/ VA2503AE1/ VA500AE1)



Note: Use as  $P_1 > 2P_2$ .

### ■ Application of External Double Air Pilot Type (250A2 / 500A2, etc.)



Note: Use as P1 > 2P2.

## Pressure Unit Comparison Table

Absolute	e vacuun	1 🗲			<ul> <li>(Vacuur</li> </ul>	(Vacuum)					ic	(Positive pressure)				
kPa	-101.3	-88.7	-76.	-63.3	-50.7	-38	-2	5.3	-12.7	0	[Exa	ample]				
Vacuum gauge pressure (mmHg) (negative mercury)	-760	-665	-575	-475	-380	-285	-190		-95	0	-76kPa=190Torr=190mmHg					
Torr mercury (Torr=mmHg)	0	95	190	285	380	475	570		665 I	760						
Vacuum rating (%VAC)	100	90	80	70 60	50	40	30	20	10	0						
Millibar (mbar)	0	100	200	300 40	) 500	600	700	800	900	1013	1100	1200	1300	1400		
Absolute pressure (kgf/cm²abs)	0	0.1	0.2	0.3 0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4		
Gauge pressure (1bar=1kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>	G)									0 	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4		